according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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# SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

## 1.1. Product identifier

Elektrolyt 1524 1000 and 1524 2000

Further trade names

1524 1000 Elektrolyt 2 I 1524 2000 Elektrolyt 10 I

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

#### Use of the substance/mixture

For polishing chrome-cobalt alloys. Solution is ready for use.

Uses advised against

No information available.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer

Company name: Renfert GmbH
Street: Untere Giesswiesen 2
Place: D-78247 Hilzingen

Telephone: +49 7731 8208-0 Telefax: +49 7731 8208-70

e-mail: info@renfert.com Internet: www.renfert.com

Supplier

Company name: Ivoclar Vivadent Ltd

New Zealand

Street: 12 Omega St

Place: GB Rosedale, Auckland

Telephone: +64 9 914 9999 Telefax: +64 9 914 9990

Internet: www.ivoclarvivadent.co.nz

1.4. Emergency telephone0800 764 766 (National Poison Centre)number:Poisons Hotline (24 hours / 7 days)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazard categories:

Acute toxicity: Acute Tox. 4 Skin corrosion/irritation: Skin Irrit. 2

Serious eye damage/eye irritation: Eye Irrit. 2

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure: STOT RE 2

Hazard Statements: Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye irritation.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

### 2.2. Label elements

# Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

### Hazard components for labelling

ethane-1,2-diol

Signal word: Warning

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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### Pictograms:





#### **Hazard statements**

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H315 Causes skin irritation.
H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H373 May cause damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure by swallowing.

#### **Precautionary statements**

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

### 2.3. Other hazards

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

# **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

#### Chemical characterization

Electrolyte solution

# **Hazardous components**

CAS No	Chemical name					
	EC No	Index No	REACH No			
	GHS Classification					
107-21-1	ethane-1,2-diol					
	203-473-3		01-2119456816-28			
	Acute Tox. 4, STOT RE 2; H302 H373					
7664-93-9	Sulphuric acid					
	231-639-5	016-020-00-8	01-2119458838-20			
	Skin Corr. 1A; H314					

Full text of H and EUH statements: see section 16.

# **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

### **General information**

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse .

Symptoms of poisoning may develop several hours following exposure. Victim should be under medical observation for at least 48 hours after exposure.

### After inhalation

Provide fresh air.

In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician.

#### After contact with skin

IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

In case of skin irritation, consult a physician.

### After contact with eyes

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

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If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

#### After ingestion

Rinse mouth immediately and drink plenty of water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

When in doubt or if symptoms are observed, get medical advice.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No information available.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### Suitable extinguishing media

Water, Dry extinguishing powder, Foam, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire may be liberated: Sulphur oxides, Carbon monoxide

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. Do not allow entering drains or surface water.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with eyes and skin.

Use personal protection equipment.

Provide adequate ventilation.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

# 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Absorb with liquid-binding material (e.g. sand, diatomaceous earth, acid- or universal binding agents). Collect in closed and suitable containers for disposal.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Safe handling: see section 7

Personal protection equipment: see section 8

Disposal: see section 13

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

# 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

# Advice on safe handling

Handle and open container with care.

Avoid contact with eyes and skin. Use personal protection equipment.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke.

### Advice on protection against fire and explosion

No special fire protection measures are necessary.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

#### Requirements for storage rooms and vessels

Keep/Store only in original container.

Keep container tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

according to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

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#### Hints on joint storage

Do not store together with: Alkali (lye)

Further information on storage conditions

Protect against: Humidity

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Please refer to our internet website for more information: www.renfert.com

### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Exposure limits (EH40)**

CAS No	Substance	ppm	mg/m³	fibres/ml	Category	Origin
107-21-1	Ethane-1,2-diol, vapour	20	52		TWA (8 h)	WEL
		40	104		STEL (15 min)	WEL
7664-93-9	Sulphuric acid (mist)	-	0.05		TWA (8 h)	WEL

### 8.2. Exposure controls

### Appropriate engineering controls

Safe handling: see section 7

### Protective and hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothes.

Wash hands before breaks and after work

Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

# Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

### Hand protection

When handling with chemical substances, protective gloves must be worn with the CE-label including the four control digits.

Suitable material: Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber), NBR (Nitrile rubber), FKM (fluoro rubber)

Thickness of the glove material: mind. 0,5 mm

Breakthrough time: > 480 min

For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

The quality of the protective gloves resistant to chemicals must be chosen as a function of the specific working place concentration and quantity of hazardous substances.

### Skin protection

Wear suitable protective clothing.

# Respiratory protection

Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.

Respiratory protection necessary at: aerosol or mist formation

# **Environmental exposure controls**

Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

# 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid
Colour: colourless
Odour: odourless

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pH-Value (at 20 °C):

1

Changes in the physical state

Melting point:

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

197 °C

Flash point:

> 100 °C

**Flammability** 

Solid: not applicable
Gas: not applicable

**Explosive properties** 

not explosive according to EU A.14

Lower explosion limits: 3,2 vol. %
Upper explosion limits: 15,3 vol. %
Ignition temperature: 410 °C

**Auto-ignition temperature** 

Solid: not applicable
Gas: not applicable
Decomposition temperature: not determined
Vapour pressure: < 1 hPa

(at 20 °C)

Density (at 20 °C):

Water solubility:

Partition coefficient:

Viscosity / dynamic:

Viscosity / kinematic:

Evaporation rate:

1,19 - 1,22 g/cm³

not determined

not determined

not determined

### 9.2. Other information

No data available

# **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

# 10.1. Reactivity

No hazardous reaction when handled and stored according to provisions.

# 10.2. Chemical stability

The mixture is chemically stable under recommended conditions of storage, use and temperature.

# 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reaction with: Alkali (lye)

Reactions with metals, with evolution of hydrogen.

# 10.4. Conditions to avoid

No special measures are necessary.

# 10.5. Incompatible materials

Violent reaction with: Alkali (lye)

## 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No known hazardous decomposition products.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

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## 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

## **Acute toxicity**

Harmful if swallowed.

#### **ATEmix** calculated

ATE (oral) 579,4 mg/kg

CAS No	Chemical name					
	Exposure route	Dose		Species	Source	Method
107-21-1	ethane-1,2-diol					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	7712	Rat	IUCLID	
7664-93-9	Sulphuric acid					
	oral	LD50 mg/kg	2140	Ratte	IUCLID	

### Irritation and corrosivity

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eyeirritation.

### Sensitising effects

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

## Carcinogenic/mutagenic/toxic effects for reproduction

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# STOT-repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (ethane-1,2-diol)

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### **Further information**

The product has not been tested. The statement is derived from the properties of the single components.

# **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

### 12.1. Toxicity

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

CAS No	Chemical name						
	Aquatic toxicity	Dose		[h]   [d]	Species	Source	Method
107-21-1	ethane-1,2-diol						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50 mg/l	72860	96 h	Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow)		
	Acute algae toxicity	ErC50 mg/l	> 6500		Selenastrum capricornutum		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 100		Daphnia magna (Big water flea) .B120934	OECD 202	
7664-93-9	Sulphuric acid						
	Acute fish toxicity	LC50	42 mg/l	96 h	Gambusia affinis		
	Acute crustacea toxicity	EC50 mg/l	> 100		Daphnia pulex (water flea)		

# 12.2. Persistence and degradability

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

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#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

#### Partition coefficient n-octanol/water

CAS No	Chemical name	Log Pow
107-21-1	ethane-1,2-diol	-1,36

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

There are no data available on the mixture itself.

## 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII.

### 12.6. Other adverse effects

No information available.

### **Further information**

The product has not been tested. The statement is derived from the properties of the single components. Do not allow uncontrolled discharge of product into the environment.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

### **Disposal recommendations**

Dispose of waste according to applicable legislation.

#### Contaminated packaging

Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

# Land transport (ADR/RID)

**14.1. UN number:** UN 2796

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51 % acid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



# Marine transport (IMDG)

<u>14.1.</u> <u>UN number:</u> UN 2796

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51 % acid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):814.4. Packing group:IIHazard label:8



Marine pollutant: no

Air transport (ICAO-TI/IATA-DGR)

14.1. UN number: UN 2796

14.2. UN proper shipping name: SULPHURIC ACID with not more than 51 % acid

14.3. Transport hazard class(es): 8

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14.4. Packing group:

Ш

Hazard label:



#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS: no

## 14.6. Special precautions for user

Further information: see section 6, 7, 8

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBCCode

not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Classified as Hazardous according to the criteria of the National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC) approved criteria for the classifying hazardous substances [NOHSC: 1008] 3rd edition.

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons.

Carcinogen classification under WHS Regulation 2011, Schedule 10.

Notification status in accordance with section 3 and current national legislation.

HSNO Approval: HSR006385, HSR001588

EPA NZ Classes of hazardous properties:

Classification 6.1E (All) Acutely toxic

Classification 6.4A Irritating to the eye

Classification 6.9A (All) Toxic to human target organs or systems

Classification 6.9A (O) Toxic to human target organs or systems

Classification 9.3C Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates

Classification 6.3A Substances that are irritating to the skin

Classification 8.1A Substances that are corrosive to metals

Classification 9.1D (All) Substances that are slightly harmful to the aquatic environment or are otherwise designed for biocidal action

Classification 9.1D (F)

Classification 9.1D (C)

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

### Abbreviations and acronyms

PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic

vPvB: very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)

LD50: lethal dose, 50%

LC50: lethal concentration, 50%

EC50: half maximal effective concentration

ADR: Accord européen relatif au transport international des marchandises Dangereuses par Route (European

Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road)

RID: Règlement concernant le transport international ferroviaire de marchandises Dangereuses (Regulations

Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail )

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization

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MARPOL: International Convention for the Prevention of Marine Pollution from Ships

VOC: volatile organic compound(s)

## Classification for mixtures and used evaluation method according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Classification	Classification procedure
Acute Tox. 4; H302	Calculation method
Skin Irrit. 2; H315	Calculation method
Eye Irrit. 2; H319	Calculation method
STOT RE 2; H373	Calculation method

### Relevant H and EUH statements (number and full text)

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H373	May cause damage to kidneys through prolonged or repeated exposure by swallowing.

# H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

#### **Further Information**

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give you advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. In the case of mixing the product with other products or in the case of processing, the information on this safety data sheet is not necessarily valid for the new made-up material. Restricted to professional users.

(The data for the hazardous ingredients were taken respectively from the last version of the sub-contractor's safety data sheet.)